

The Impact of Multipurpose Cash on Foster Families in Somalia

A survey Report

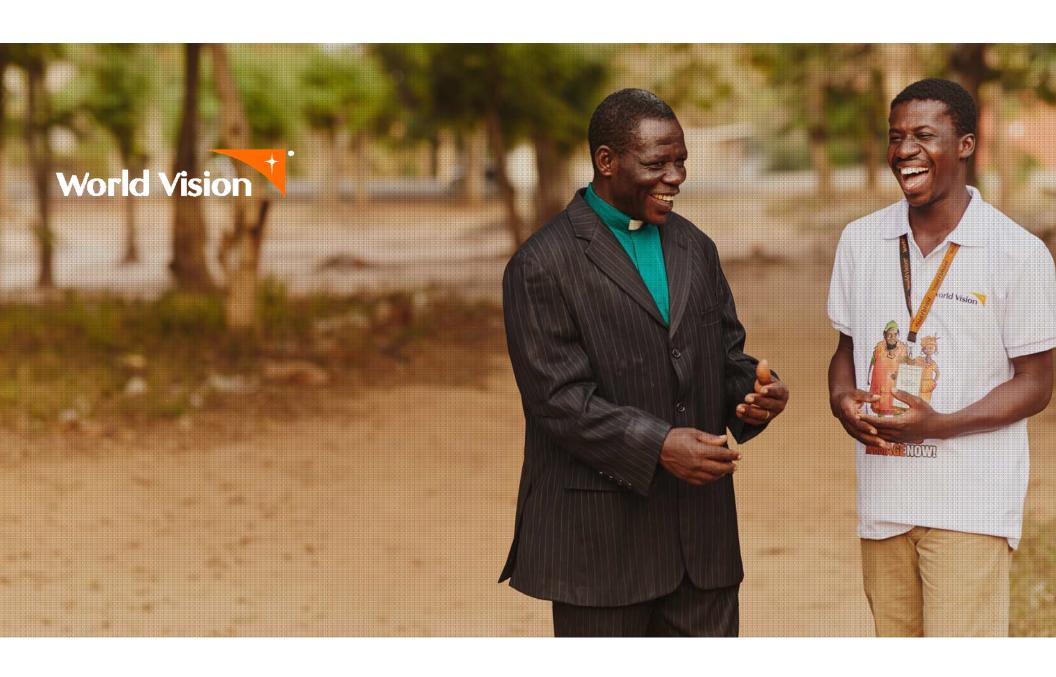
Overview

- Armed conflict and climate shocks affected the lives and livelihoods of children and their families in Somalia
- Droughts and insecurity led to massive displacement 2.6 million people living in 2,000 displaced person camps across Somalia, many of them are Unaccompanied Separated Children (UASC)
- These boys and girls are at further risk of child trafficking, abuse and exploitation in camps and communities.
- Many of these children are fostered by their extended families and acquaintances until they are reunited with their parents.



Overview

- World Vision operating in Baidoa since 1993 and has implemented programming with GAC funding since 2015.
- A total of 50 (40 female, 10 males head of HH) foster families were registered for Multipurpose Cash transfer Assistance (MPCA).
- Duration: six months (Year:2021)
- Amount: 60 USD
- Modality: Multipurpose cash used to pay for school fees, food, water, shelter, medical service, and clothing for UASC





Main Findings

4%

24% children under 18 years still got married after families receiving MPCA due

to economic reasons and family preference

88%

Early Marriage

Children/Adults

88% alluded that **MPCA** improved the relationship, 10% worsened

Child Labour

The number of under 18 working UASC reduced from 10% to 4% due to cash intervention 24%

relationships

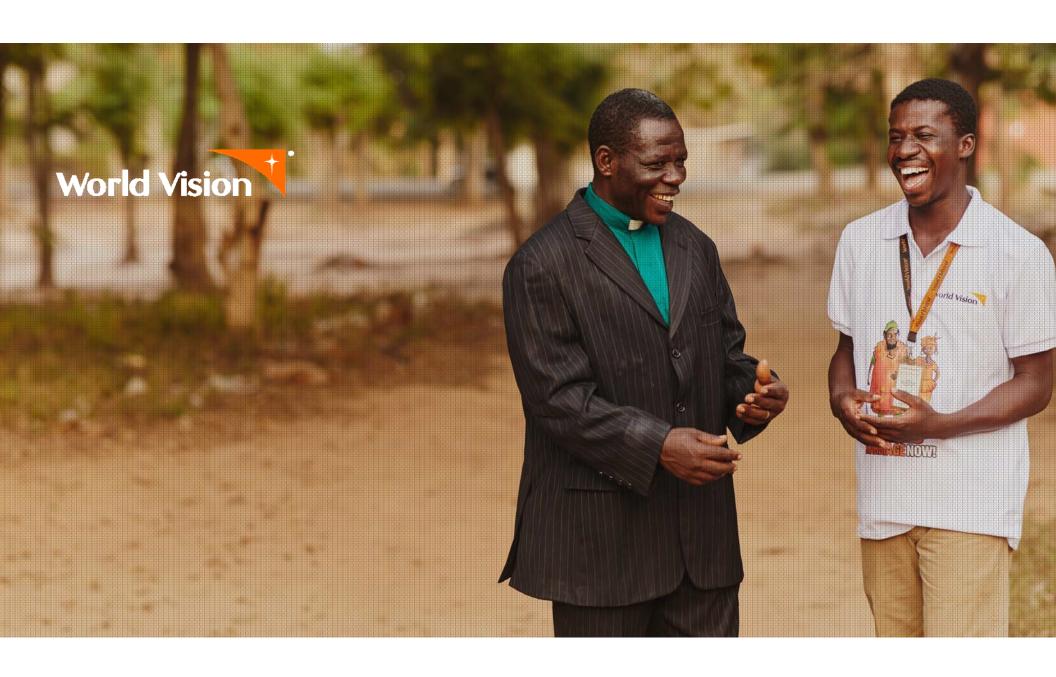
respondents children may face new risks after cash transfer programs ends.

52% of the believe HHs and

Sustainability

World Vision

52%





Coping Strategy Before and After Cash

